

self-assessment test *for the very brave!*

These questions are designed to test the general ophthalmic knowledge, both in basic Ophthalmology and also in recent development in the subject. They are short, quick questions, most of them should be answered in no longer than one minute. The questions are arranged randomly to give a real examination feeling.

In order to see the answer, double click on the note icon next to the question, notice that the notes are marked with the question number. Please close the note after you finish to avoid crowding the page.

Have fun and good luck.





1. What are the typical features of the corneal dystrophy of Schnyder?


2. What are the features of Horner syndrome? how do these features vary depending on the location of the lesion?

3. Mention few common causes of 3rd order neurone Horner syndrome .

4. What are the cytological features of chronic inclusion conjunctivitis? 

5. Discuss the  role of optic nerve decompression in the treatment of non-ischaemic anterior ischaemic optic neuropathy. 

6. What are the staining characteristics of Macular corneal dystrophy? 

7. Mention few conditions which can masquerade as iridocyclitis in  children.

8. Name few signs  associated with keratoconus.

9. Name few conditions which may cause lid twitches .



10. What are the ophthalmic clinical features of primary herpes simplex infection?

11. What are the causes of interstitial keratitis?

12. What are the features of plus (+) disease in acute ROP?

13. What are the histopathological features of lattice corneal dystrophy type I?

14. What are the ophthalmic features of Cogan's syndrome?

15. What is the differential diagnosis of bilateral cloudy cornea in an infant?

16. Mention few causes of 2nd order neurone lesions of Horner syndrome.

17. Describe the corneal changes in ICE syndrome.

18. Mention the ectatic corneal dystrophies you know.

19. What are the typical features of ICE syndrome?

20. Mention the different stains used in staining the common corneal dystrophies and mention the staining property of each type.

21. How do you diagnose a 2nd order neurone Horner syndrome pharmacologically?

22. What is the differential diagnosis of crystalline corneal opacities?

23. What are the types of herpes simplex corneal stromal keratitis?

24. What is Ocular Neuromyotonia? How do you treat it?

25. In Juvenile Rheumatoid arthritis, what are the risk factors of having iridocyclitis?

26. What are the features of pellucid marginal degeneration?

27. What are the advantages and disadvantages of acyclovir when compared to IDU?

28. What are the cytological features of herpes simplex infection? What is the best staining technique?

29. Where is the lesion in one and a half (Fisher) syndrome?

30. What are the systemic features, cause, and treatment of Cogan's syndrome?

31. What are the types of lattice dystrophy you know? What is the significance of each type?

32. How do patients with Superior oblique myokymia present? Mention some methods of treatment.



33. What is the histopathological feature of: granular, lattice, macular, Schnyder, Fleck, and pre-Descemet's membrane corneal dystrophies?



34. How do you differentiate clinically between macular and granular dystrophy?



35. Discuss the role of steroids in the treatment of patients with demyelinating optic neuritis.



36. What are the causes of Descemet's membrane tears? how do you differentiate?



37. What are the causes of congenital neurotrophic keratitis?



38. What are the stages of acute ROP?



39. What are the iris changes in ICE syndrome ?



40. Describe the eye movements in a patient with a right "one and a half" syndrome.

41. What is the differential diagnosis of keratoglobus?

42. What are the staining features of Granular corneal dystrophy?

43. What is the differential diagnosis of ICE syndrome?

44. What are the clinical features of keratoglobus? Discuss methods of treatment?

45. What is functional MRI?

46. What are the main corneal stromal dystrophies in an infant?

47. What are the typical clinical features of optic neuritis?

48. What are the retinal zones in ROP?

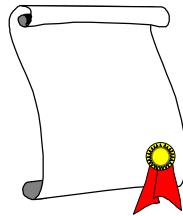
49. What are the common visual field defects in optic neuritis?

50. What are the possible causes of poor vision, associated with nystagmus in an infant?

51. What are the systemic manifestations of Wilson's disease?

52. What is photodynamic therapy? How does it work?

53. Mention few causes for neurotrophic keratopathy.



54. How do you differentiate between herpes simplex and herpes zoster corneal dendrites?



55. What is Eaton-Lambert syndrome? How does it affect the eye?

56. In suspected congenital glaucoma, how do you measure the IOP?



57. What are the risk factors for developing ROP?



58. What is frequency doubling test? What is its significance?



59. Describe the classical picture of Thygeson keratopathy.





60. What are the types of Duane's syndrome? mention the features of each type.





61. What are the side effects of systemic ganciclovir, how do you monitor a patient taking this drug?


62. Mention the different glaucomatous optic disc features.

63. What is the cause of Batten disease? 


64. What are the causes of adduction deficit? 

65. Describe the gram stain morphology of Moraxella. 
Mention some ocular diseases it causes.



66. What are the typical features of Schnyder corneal dystrophy? 

67. Mention few conditions which can masquerade as posterior uveitis in children. 

68. What are the causes of congenital Horner syndrome?

69. What is Retinoma? what is its significance? 

70. Describe the fluorescein angiographic features of classic choroidal neovascular membrane. 

71. In multiple ocular motor nerve palsies where do you expect the lesion to be? 




72. Mention few reported side effects of latanoprost.

73. Describe the clinical features of optic nerve hypoplasia.

74. How would you diagnose Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada syndrome?



75. In herpes simplex virus infection, what is the mechanism of action of IDU and of acyclovir?

76. What is "The Pressure Phosphene Tonometer"?

77. How do you manage a patient with Rieger's anomaly?

78. Describe the retinal features of CMV retinitis.

79. Describe the corneal features of Acanthamoeba keratitis.



80. What are the common causes of proptosis in the first year of life?

81. What are the causes of acquired Brown's syndrome?

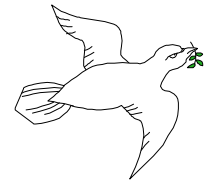
82. What is the commonest orbital tumour in adults?



83. Describe the posterior segment features of Toxocariasis.

84. Mention briefly the technique of anterior stromal puncture for the treatment of recurrent corneal erosions.

85. What is the differential diagnosis of upper lid retraction?



86. What is corneal warpage? How do you treat?

87. What are the ophthalmologic features of acute retinal necrosis?

88. Describe the clinical features of plexiform neurofibroma, what is its significance?

89. What is the principle of Quickert operation for the repair of entropion?

90. What is the cause of hyperacute purulent conjunctivitis?

91. Describe the echographic features of choroidal malignant melanoma?

92. Why is indocyanine green angiography considered more superior than fluorescein angiography?

93. Is Morning glory optic disc anomaly associated with any systemic abnormalities?

94. Describe the ocular manifestations of cavernous sinus syndrome.

95. What is the margin-reflex distance? What is its significance?



96. Mention few causes of spontaneous hyphaema?



97. What are the clinical features of cortical blindness?

98. Describe the gram staining features of Neisseria gonorrhoea.



99. Mention few causes of acquired flecked retinal syndrome?



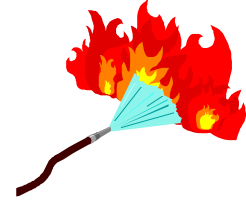
100. Mention few complications that have been reported with silicon ICs.



101. Describe the clinical features of choroidal neovascular membrane.

102. What are the main features of Peter's anomaly.





103. Define threshold disease in ROP.

104. What is the commonest presenting sign in retinoblastoma? mention few other signs of presentation.



105. What is the principle of Hughes operation for lid reconstruction?

106. What is *Actinomyces israelii*? Mention the gram stain morphology and the ocular lesions it causes.



107. Mention few vascular tumours that affect the retina and optic disc.



108. What is the gram staining features of staphylococcus epidermidis?



109. How do patients with choroideaemia often present?



110. Which muscle is yoked to the right superior rectus muscle?

111. What are the characteristic features of pattern macular dystrophy?



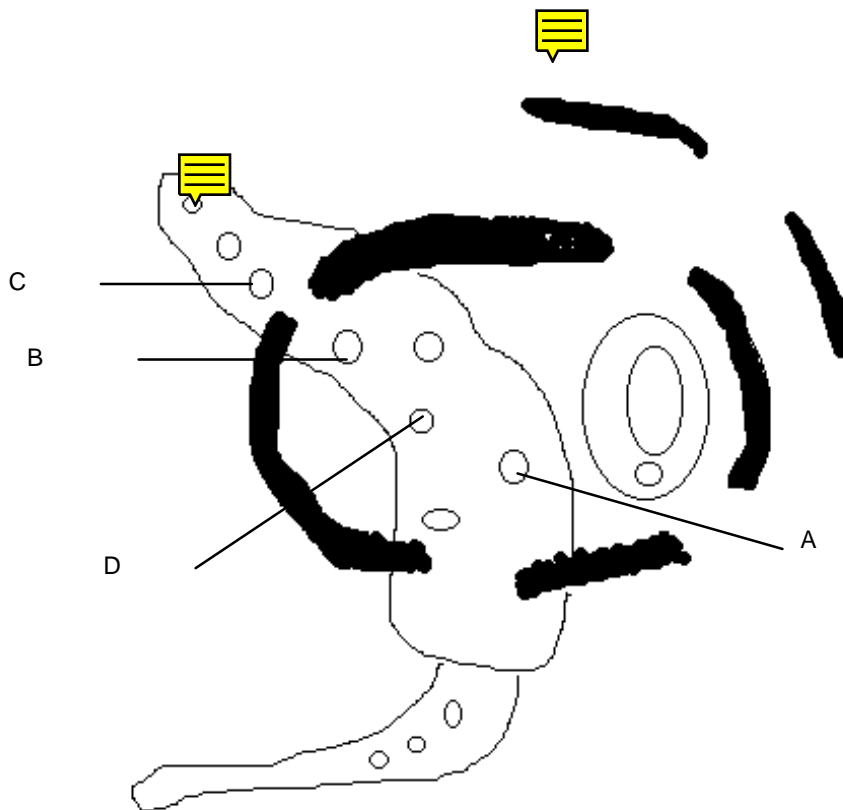
112. Describe Jensen's operation.

113. How do you manage a patient with Peter's anomaly?

114. Name some of the serological tests that can be used in the diagnosis of syphilis.



115. What are the features and causes of convergence spasm?



The orbital apex, superior and inferior fissures

116. In the diagram above, what is A and B?



117. In the diagram above what happens when there is a lesion at C and D?

118. Mention the stages of idiopathic macular hole.

119. What are the typical features of persistent hyperplastic primary vitreous PHPV?

120. Mention Sherrington's law of reciprocal innervation.

121. Describe the clinical features of retinal capillary haemangioma.

122. What is meant by yoke muscles?

123. Describe the typical ophthalmoscopic features of retinal racemose haemangiomas?

124. Name few causes of follicular conjunctivitis lasting more than six weeks.

125. How would you needle a failed trabeculectomy bleb?

126. Which muscles cause in-cycloduction?

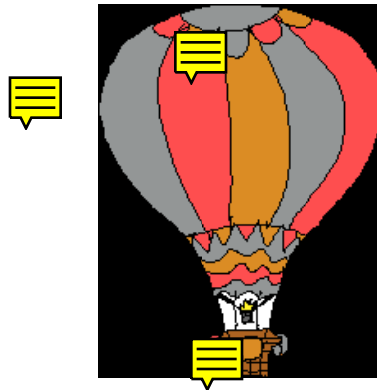
127. What is the differential diagnosis of Brown's syndrome? How do you differentiate?



128. Name few ocular conditions that have been reported with sleep apnea syndrome.

129. How do you treat hyperacute purulent conjunctivitis?

130. What are the actions of the superior rectus muscle in the primary position?



131. Mention few conditions which may cause progressive limitation of ocular motility.

132. What is the principle of ocular coherent tomography?

133. Describe Marcus Gun jaw-winking phenomena, how do you treat it?

134. What are the clinical classification of Stargardt's disease?



135. How do you investigate a case of suspected gyrate atrophy?

136. Name a few systemic conditions that may be associated with retinal astrocytic hamartomas



137. How do you confirm the diagnosis of Wilson's disease?



138. Mention the principle of trabecular aspiration operation.

139. What is the pathogenesis of Duane syndrome?



140. Describe the typical fundus picture of birdshot retino-choroidopathy. With which HLA antigen are most patients associated?



141. How does optic nerve sheath meningioma typically present?



142. What are the fluorescein angiographic features of occult choroidal neovascular membrane?



143. Mention few causes of congenital non-progressive night blindness.



144. How do you treat orbital cellulitis?



145. In neural ceroid lipofuscinosis, what is the usual mode of presentation and natural history in 12 months old patient?

146. How do you differentiate, with the ultrasound, between posterior vitreous detachment and rhegmatogenous retinal detachment?

147. What are the associated ophthalmic findings in aniridia?

148. What investigation would you do to diagnose Niemann-Pick disease?



149. What is the pathogenesis of Alkaptonuria?

150. What is meant by incomitant squint?



151. What causes micropsia?



152. In congenital cataract what blood tests would you like to order?



153. What are the features of Mucormycosis?

154. What are the indications of treatment in ROP?

155. Describe the retinal lesions of AMPPE. How does it often present?

156. What are the differential diagnosis of a melanotic conjunctival lesion?

157. What is the Ice test used for? how is it done?

158. Describe the radiological features of benign mixed pleomorphic adenoma of the lacrimal gland. What type of biopsy would you do in suspected cases to confirm the diagnosis?

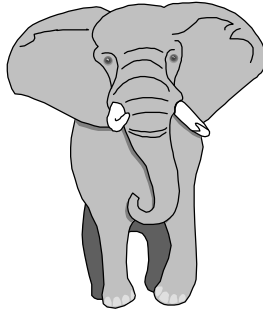
159. What is the value of blue on yellow perimetry?

160. Where is the blood supply of the extraocular muscles derived from?

161. What are the non-ophthalmic features of Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada syndrome?

162. What are the features of Brown's syndrome?

163. Describe the typical visual field defects after macular hole surgery? what is the possible cause? And how can avoid this complication?



164. Name few conditions that may cause peripheral corneal thinning.

165. What are the typical ultrasound features of retinoblastoma?



166. Describe the microbiological culture pattern of beta-haemolytic streptococcus.

167. What are the typical fluorescein angiographic features of central serous retinopathy?



168. How do you treat cat scratch disease?



169. What are the iris features of Rieger's anomaly?



170. Name the two antagonists of the superior oblique muscle.

171. What are the features and causes of convergence spasm?



172. In non-accidental injuries in babies, what are the commonest ocular manifestations?

173. What is the origin and insertion of the superior oblique muscle?

174. Define cryptophthalmos?

175. What are the causes of membranous conjunctivitis?

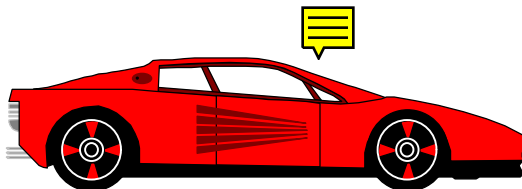
176. Describe the typical features of ocular rosacea.

177. What urine tests would you like to do for a child with congenital cataract?

178. Name the histological types of rhabdomyosarcoma.

179. How would you treat severe ocular cicatricial pemphigoid?

180. In penetrating keratoplasty, what are the advantages of non-mechanical trephination?



181. Name few causes of cystoid macular oedema.

182. How do you do the alternate cover test? what does this test measure?

183. What are the features of ptosis due to an aponeurotic defect?

184. Name the main features of blepharophimosis.

185. What are the main side effects of topical beta blockers in the treatment of glaucoma?

186. Explain the pathogenesis of retinal detachment associated with optic nerve head.

187. What are the precautions you should take in prescribing topical Ciprofloxacin?

188. Describe the angiographic features of retinal cavernous haemangioma.

189. What are the clinical stages of Best disease?

190. Name few causes of filamentary keratitis.

191. What are the gonioscopic features of primary congenital glaucoma?

192. Describe the clinical features of retinal cavernous haemangiomas .

193. What are the main features of lyme disease?

194. Name few causes of acute follicular conjunctivitis.

195. What is the world health organisation grading scheme for Trachoma?

196. Describe the features of Terrien's marginal degeneration.

197. What is the normal corneal diameter in an infant? mention few causes of large corneal diameter in infants

198. How do you measure cyclodeviation?

199. Describe the gram staining, and growth pattern features of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*.

200. Name the main features of Chdiak-Hgashi syndrome.

201. What are the ultrasound features of fast flow carotid cavernous sinus fistula?

202. Describe the fundus picture of gyrate atrophy.

203. What are the ophthalmic features of trisomy 13?

204. Mention the primary action of the inferior oblique muscle.

205. What are the features of Mucormycosis?

206. Name few causes of corneal pannus greater than 2 mm.

207. What are the clinical features of retinal astrocytic hamartomas?

208. What is the causative organism of Cat scratch disease?

209. Describe the corneal features of Avellino corneal dystrophy.

210. What is the yoke muscle to the left inferior rectus muscle?

211. In Laser in situ keratomileusis (LASIK) surgery, what is thought to be the cause of diffuse lamellar keratitis?

212. What are the causes of ocular ischaemia? name few features.



213. Name two methods for measuring the AC/A ratio.

214. What are the causes of Stickler syndrome?



215. Describe the retinal lesions in Krill's disease.



216. What is meant by pneumatic retinopathy?

217. Discuss indications and methods of surgical treatment in Duane's syndrome.



218. How do you treat Hypertrophic purulent conjunctivitis?



219. What are the fluorescein angiographic features of Occult choroidal neovascular membrane?

220. Name few causes of giant papillae.



221. What are the iris features of Rieger's anomaly?

222. Describe typical features of choroideraemia.



223. What are the ultrasound features of PHPV?



224. Define angle kappa.

225. What is the differential diagnosis of Peter's anomaly?



226. Name few drugs that have been used in the treatment of vernal conjunctivitis.

227. What are the ultrasound features of dysthyroid eye disease?

228. Name few topical carbonic anhydrase inhibitors that have been used in the treatment of glaucoma.

229. How do you manage Mucormycosis?

230. What are the features of opsoclonus? What is its significance?

231. Describe the typical features of rhabdomyosarcoma.

232. What are the systemic features of trisomy 13?

233. In congenital cataract, what urine tests would you like to order?

234. How do you mass-treat trachoma patients?

235. What is the cause of diffuse unilateral subacute neuroretinitis?

236. Name few gonio-lenses.

237. What are the fundus findings in cone dystrophy?

238. What are the ocular features of cat scratch disease?

239. Mention few causes of leukocoria.

240. What is the role of cyclosporin in the treatment of dry eyes?

241. Name the two synergistic muscles of the inferior rectus muscle.

242. What are the causes of glaucoma in an infant?

243. Describe the principle of posterior lamellar keratoplasty operation

244. What are the ultrasound features of choroidal detachment ?

245. Describe the typical picture of the retinal flecks in Stargardt's disease

246. What is the origin and insertion of the inferior rectus muscle?

247. What are the indications of Cutler-Beard operation for lid reconstruction?

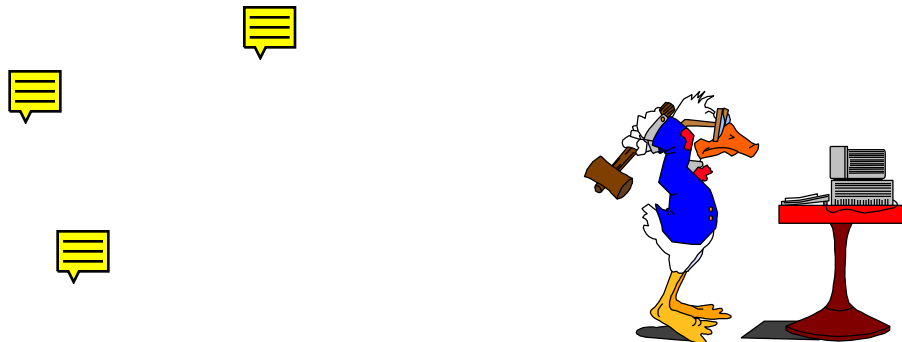
248. In PRK surgery what is the role of the tracker system?

249. How can you treat A and V patterns during horizontal and vertical muscle surgery?

250. What is the mechanism of idiopathic macular holes formation?

251. Which muscles cause ex-cycloduction?

252. What are the ocular features of Stickler disease?



253. Describe the features of retinal large cell lymphoma (reticulum cell sarcoma).

254. Describe the typical features of Mooren's ulcer? Do you need to do any systemic investigation after making the diagnosis?

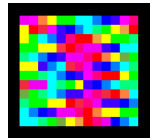
255. What is the action of Brimonidine? How does it lower the IOP?



256. Name few conditions that may be associated with symblepharon.



257. How would you monitor a patient on dapsone treatment?



258. Describe the features of vertebrobasilar insufficiency.

259. What are the common causes of dacryadenitis?

260. Describe the clinical features of kerato-canthoma of the eyelid.



261. Name few methods that have been described for use as adjunct therapy to trabeculectomy



262. What is the secondary action of the superior rectus muscle?

263. Name few topical anti-Acanthamoeba drops.

264. Mention few complications of idiopathic macular hole surgery.

265. What are the typical CAT scan of optic nerve sheath meningioma?

266. Mention the classic indications for Pneumatic retinopexy. Mention some characteristic complications.

267. Describe the Hummelshrim's operation. What is its main disadvantages?

268. How do you investigate a child with aniridia?

269. Which muscle is yoked to the right inferior rectus muscle?

270. What are systemic abnormalities associated with racemose retinal angioma?

271. What are the theories of pathogenesis of primary congenital glaucoma?

272. What are the types of retinal capillary haemangioma?

273. Define clinically significant macular oedema in diabetic retinopathy.

274. What are the types of Batten disease ?



275. Mention few manifestations of the retinoblastoma gene.



276. Name few systemic diseases associated with moderate to high myopia in children.



277. Name few conditions which may cause a flecked retinal appearance .



278. What is the tertiary action of the superior oblique muscle?



279. Mention  developmental causes of incomitant squint in a child .

280. What is the causative organism in lyme disease and how is transmitted?

281. What are the  effects of fluorescein angiography?





282. What is fundus xerophthalmicus?

283. Name a few inherited vitreoretinal dystrophies



284. Mention few conditions which cause choroidal thickening on ultrasound examination

285. What are the angiographic features of AMPPE? explain



286. What are the biophysical advantages of diode laser over argon laser?

287. What are the organs commonly affected in metastatic retinoblastoma?

288. What is the differential diagnosis of poor vision in a child with normal looking eyes?



289. In Brown's syndrome what are the indications and methods of surgical treatment?





290. What is the localising value of see-saw nystagmus?

291. How do you differentiate between Toxocara granuloma and retinoblastoma in a healthy child?



292. In the primary position, what are the actions of the inferior oblique muscle?

293. What is meant by negative angle kappa?



294. Describe the typical posterior segment features of toxoplasmosis.

295. What is argon laser iridoplasty? Describe briefly how it is done?



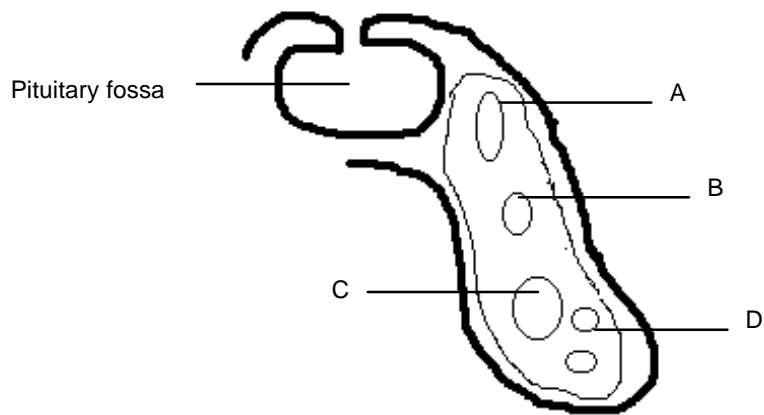
296. What are the typical features of capillary haemangioma of the orbit and the lids?

297. Mention few conditions that should be differentiated from ROP.



298. What is the mode of inheritance of choroideraemia and of gyrate atrophy?





A cross section through the cavernous sinus at the level of the pituitary fossa.

299. In the diagram above, what is A, B, and C?

300. In the diagram above, describe the ocular sign which will result from a lesion to D.



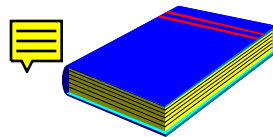
301. Describe the morphology of *Candida albicans*.

302. Describe the clinical features of keratoacanthoma of the eyelid.

303. What are the typical features of Adie's pupil? How do you confirm the diagnosis pharmacologically?



304. What precaution should you take in measuring the IOP in a patient who had PRK surgery?



305. Define mild non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy.



306. What are Intra-stromal corneal rings used for? How do they work?

307. How do you diagnose retinal thickening in diabetic macular oedema?



308. Name few conditions which may be associated with transient visual loss.



309. Mention the systemic manifestations of Stickler syndrome.

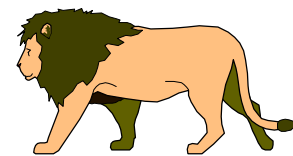


310. What is the main action of the superior rectus muscle in an abducted eye? How do you do the "double Maddox test"?

311. What are the differential diagnosis of retinal astrocytic hamartomas?

312. What are the electrophysiological findings in cone dystrophy?

313. What are the features of Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome?



314. What are the features of type 1 choroidal neovascular membrane?

315. How do you investigate a patient with Best's disease?

316. What are the types of Stickler syndrome?

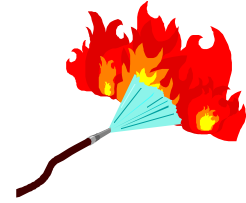
317. How do you treat Lyme disease?



318. In vitreoretinal surgery, what are the common methods used in internal retinal tamponade?



319. Mention few indications of vitrectomy in diabetic retinopathy.



320. Name few causes of pupil-sparing third nerve palsy.

321. What is the significance of using nitrous oxide anaesthesia in vitreoretinal surgery?



322. What causes aberrant regeneration of the oculomotor nerve?

323. Describe eyelids molluscum contagiosum infection.



324. What is selective laser trabeculoplasty?



325. Describe the principle of Cutler-Beard operation for lid reconstruction.

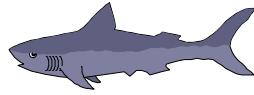


326. What are the ophthalmic manifestations of Alkaptonuria?



327. What are the common causes of sixth nerve palsy in children?





328. Name few systemic causes of conjunctiva pigmentation

329. What are the fluorescein angiographic features of classic choroidal neovascular membrane?

330. What are the causes and types of Niemann-Pick disease?



331. What are the commonest ocular manifestations in non-accidental injuries in babies?



332. What is Nanophthalmos?

333. Describe the ocular involvement in multiple endocrine neoplasia.



334. What are the common causes of proptosis in a 10 years old child?



335. What are the ultrasound features of dysthyroid eye disease?





336. What are the CAT scan features of orbital pseudotumour?

337. Mention few causes of delayed corneal epithelial healing.

338. What are the clinical features of anterior segment dysgenesis? What is the cause?

339. Mention some of the systemic manifestations of Alkaptonuria. Mention one simple test that helps in the diagnosis.

340. What are the corneal features of Rieger's anomaly?

341. What are the causes of visible corneal nerves?

342. Discuss, briefly, the work up of a patient with suspected Acanthamoeba keratitis



343. Mention few vital stains that can be used in examination of ophthalmic slides.

344. What are the causes of phlyctenular keratitis?

345. Mention a few conditions which produce dendritic looking corneal lesions.



346. What are the classic ophthalmic manifestation of Niemann-Pick disease?



347. Mention few causes of superior conjunctival symblepharon



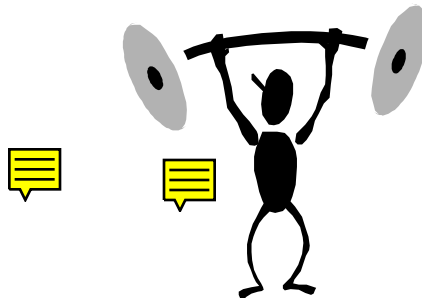
348. What are the herpes simplex corneal epithelial lesions?



349. What are the causes of orbital cellulitis? what are the common organisms?



350. Name few causes of Parinaud's oculoglandular conjunctivitis.



351. What are the main causes of fourth nerve palsy?

352. How do you treat inclusion conjunctivitis in a newborn?



353. What features should arouse suspicion that a pigmented iris mass is a malignant melanoma?



354. Describe the typical appearance of Kayser-Fleischer ring .

355. Describe the clinical features of Acanthamoeba keratitis.



356. What are the culture media that can be used in suspected keratomycosis?

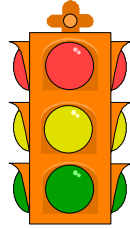
357. How do you perform anterior stromal puncture?

358. What is Acanthamoeba? what are the clinical diseases it causes in human beings?

359. What are the features of fourth nerve palsy?

360. What are the systemic disorders associated with the floppy lid syndrome?





361. What are the causes of proptosis in a neonate?

362. What is the significance of diagnosing Schnyder corneal dystrophy?



363. What are the clinical features of ocular melanocytosis? Is it a pre-malignant condition?

364. What are the features of Parinaud's oculoglandular conjunctivitis?



365. What features would make you think that an iris mass is a metastatic rather than a primary tumour?



366. How do conjunctival lymphoid tumours typically present?



367. Describe the typical picture of Candida keratitis.



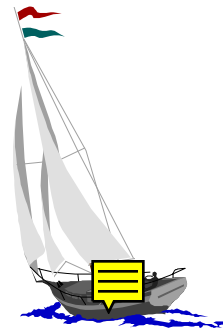
368. How do you do the Tensilon test?



369. What are the causes of Kayser-Fleischer ring?



370. Name few anti-fungal drugs that can be used in fungal keratitis.



371. What are the typical features of bilateral fourth nerve palsy?

372. Name few causes of third nerve palsy with pupil involvement.

373. What are the features and treatment of corneal warpage?

374. What is the localising value of up-beat nystagmus?

375. Name the clinical types of basal cell carcinoma of the eye lid.

376. What is Gradenigo syndrome?

377. What are the causes of conjunctivitis in a neo-born?

378. Define severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy.



379. What is the difference between Stickler syndrome and Marshall syndrome?

380. How do you manage a case of suspected non-accidental injury? 

381. What are the features of type 2 choroidal neovascular membrane?

382. What is The Implantable Miniaturized Telescope ?


383. What are the main features of Kearns-Sayre syndrome?  

384. Describe the ocular features of Behcet disease.



385. Name few drugs that can be used in the treatment of toxoplasmosis.

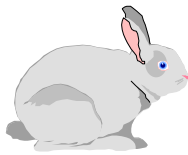


386. What are the features of spasmus nutans? What is its significance? 



387. What is the cause of a flat anterior chamber after trabeculectomy operation?

388. Name the systemic features of Sturge-Webber syndrome.



389. What are the main histopathological types of choroidal malignant melanoma?

390. Name few drugs that have been used in the treatment of CMV retinitis.

391. What is iridoschisis?



392. Name the typical presentation of ghost cell glaucoma.

393. What is the main histological feature of a well differentiated retinoblastoma?



394. Describe the typical anterior or chamber angle features of pseudoexfoliation syndrome.



395. What are the ocular features of encephalo-trigeminal angiomatosis?



396. Define aniseikonia.



397. What is the significance of retinal white with and without pressure?

398. Name few methods for measuring accommodation amplitude.



399. What is naevus of Ota?

400. Describe the typical features of pigmentary glaucoma.



401. What types of patients are affected with candidiasis?

402. Write (+1 +3.00@ 90) in a plus cylinder form.



403. What are the indications of treatment in ocular toxoplasmosis?



404. Name the ocular lesions in Toxocara infection.



405. What are the main findings of the UK prospective diabetic study?



406. Describe the commonest posterior segment lesion in AIDS?



407. What is the significance of down-beat nystagmus?



408. Name few causes of cornea verticillata.

409. What are the typical ocular features of Mucopolysaccharidosis?



410. Name the different growth patterns of retinoblastoma.



411. Where is the lesion? and what are the causes of internuclear ophthalmoplegia?



More questions will be added soon
watch the space...

